United Learning – Attendance Policy and Procedures
Accrington Academy

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Summary – Attendance at a Glance

Attendance Matters

Here at Accrington Academy, we have the highest expectations across all areas of school life including attendance. We value positive relationships between both staff and pupils and want all pupils to feel they belong here and are valued. We work with our pupils to ensure that they have the highest possible attendance at school. We believe that this is the best way for them to succeed and to get the most out of all we have to offer.

There is a clear link between academic outcomes and school attendance. We want all pupils to achieve excellent outcomes to give themselves the very best chance in life.

There are 175 non-school days per year for holidays, shopping and appointments. There is no need, except in extreme circumstances to miss a day's education. If you miss one session in a week (remember, there are two sessions per day) your attendance is 90%.

This means you miss 19 days of education in a year and risk dropping one grade in your GCSEs.

It is vital we work together to teach our pupils the value of attending school each and every day. However, we do appreciate that at times, pupils may not be able to attend school. We ask our parents and carers to follow the processes below. They support our safeguarding procedures.

Should you have a concern about your child's attendance, then we ask that you contact us to discuss this. We believe in strong partnerships across all parts of school life. This includes attending school.

It is also important to us that pupils arrive to school on time, and they must be at school by 8.30am.

Absence through illness or unforeseen circumstances

If you need to report a child, please call the school (01254 304300) before 8:25am on the first and subsequent absent days. Or email attendance@accrington-academy.org.uk. If you need to leave a message, we ask that you leave your name. Also leave your child's name, their form, and the reason for their absence. Do expect to receive a call back from the school to discuss your child's absence and to see if we can support in any way. If pupils suffer any form of injury, then we ask that you contact the school to make us aware. This is so we can do a risk assessment with you. It will identify impacts of the injury and the support your child may need. See section 7.3 of the full policy for further information.

Attending an Appointment

Please schedule dental and non-urgent medical appointments outside of school hours. We know this might be tough for hospital visits. If rescheduling fails, your child must bring a medical letter or appointment card. We need it for our records. Pupils must be picked up and returned to school if their appointment ends during the school day. For more details, check section 6.2 of the full policy.

Known Absence

Your child may need to miss school for exceptional reasons. If so, parents/carers should ask the Principal. They should use the form below. Where possible, this should be made at least

four weeks before the required date. The form should be completed and emailed back to attendance@accrington-academy.org.uk. If such a request is made, the school expects it to be short. But even then, they may not be able to approve it.

If the Principal does not authorise it, then any absence is 'unauthorised' and may result in legal action being considered, in line with statutory guidance and individual circumstances.

We must follow legal rules. Therefore, term-time leave will not normally be authorised unless exceptional circumstances apply, which are considered on a case-by-case basis. Additionally, we may issue penalty notices. For more details, please check the Attendance Policy and Procedures (section 6.1).

Support

We take absence very seriously. We are committed to supporting any child who is finding it difficult to attend school regularly. We will monitor attendance closely and will target support where attendance patterns cause concern, including where attendance falls below 95%.

Further information on support can be found in the full policy.

Punctuality

The school day starts at 8.30am and we expect your child to be in school at that time. Registers close at 9.00am and arrival after that time will mean the child is late. Lateness means they miss out on important routines which help get their day off to a positive start. Late arriving pupils also disrupt lessons during the day for others.

How we manage lateness to school and lessons

Lateness to school

We closely monitor lateness and offer support when a concern is identified. If your child regularly arrives late to school, you will be invited to a meeting to discuss what barriers there are for your child arriving to school on time and what support can be offered. Following meetings and support should students continue to be late for school, parents/carers may face prosecution.

From 08.31am, a student is classed as late. Any student arriving after this time must sign-in via our Academy ASL (PE entrance opposite the 4G) reception entrance and will be coded as late and issued a lunchtime detention for the same day.

In these instances, parents/carers will also receive notification via text the Arbor App. When a student arrives to school between 8.30am and 9.00am, they will complete form time with members of the pastoral team. At 9.00am students will then go to their Period 1 lesson.

The morning session closes at 09.00am, and the afternoon session closes at 14.15pm students arriving after 09.05am and 14.15pm will be coded as an unauthorised absence for these sessions, which will affect their attendance record.

Parents may face prosecution if their child is often late after the register has closed. We'll watch for this and offer support. If the problem persists, we might take action.

The rest of this document outlines our Attendance Policy and Procedures. We encourage all parents to review it. This ensures they understand how we handle attendance. If getting your

child to school is hard, please contact us immediately on 01254 304300 or email attendance@accrington-academy.org

Part A - Policy

1. Introduction

This Attendance Policy outlines the culture and approach to supporting good attendance at our academy. The second part of the document outlines the more detailed procedures, roles and responsibilities related to pupil attendance that operate at our academy. Through all that we do to manage attendance, we are committed to creating a positive learning environment, supporting pupil achievement, and complying with legal requirements.

This is a successful academy, and all pupils play their part in making it so. We aim for an environment which enables and encourages all members of the community to be proud to belong and to achieve their best. For our pupils to gain the greatest benefit from their education it is vital that they attend regularly and should be at school, on time, every day the school is open unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable. It is very important therefore that parents[1] make sure that children attend regularly, and this policy sets out how together we will achieve this.

Regular attendance at school is of critical importance to a child's education. Evidence tells us that the pupils with the highest attainment at the end of key stage 2 and key stage 4 have higher rates of attendance over the key stage compared to those with the lowest attainment. Any absence affects the pattern of a pupil's schooling and regular absence will seriously affect their learning. Any pupil's absence disrupts the learning of others in the same teaching groups by disrupting classroom routines. **Ensuring your child's regular attendance is your legal responsibility**.

The principles of a 'support first approach' are adopted and we seek to:

Support first approach (as set out in DFE Guidance)	
Expect	Aspire to high standards of attendance from all pupils and parents and build a culture where all can, and want to, be in school and ready to learn by prioritising attendance improvement across the school.
Monitor	Rigorously use attendance data to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) as soon as possible so all parties can work together to resolve them before they become entrenched.
Listen and understand	When a pattern is spotted, discuss with pupils and parents to listen to and understand barriers to attendance and agree how all partners can work together to resolve them.
Facilitate support	Remove barriers in school and help pupils and parents to access the support they need to overcome the barriers outside of school.

[1] *The definition of a parent can be found in the Education Act 1996, and this applies to all the legislation to which this guidance relates. In addition to the child's birth parents, references to parents in this guidance include any person who has parental responsibility (which includes the local authority where it has a care order in respect of the child) and any person (for example, a foster carer) who has care of the child. To reflect this, this guidance uses 'parent' to refer to both parents and carers.*

	This might include an early help or whole family plan where absence is a symptom of wider issues.
Formalise support	Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, partners should work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances this may include formalising support through an attendance contract or education supervision order.
Enforce	Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, enforce attendance through statutory intervention: a penalty notice in line with the National Framework or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.

2. Aims

Our aim is to create a school environment where children feel they belong and want to come to school. We believe our school is a great place to learn, and that being in school day in, day out, is in the best interests of all our pupils. However, we recognise that there will be times when there may be barriers that prevent children from attending school. In these instances, we will act early to understand the issue, provide support and work with the child and their family to get them back to regular attendance as quickly as possible.

We believe that one of the most important factors in promoting good attendance is the development of positive attitudes towards school and a sense of belonging. To this end, we strive to make our school a happy and rewarding experience for all children, and to foster positive and mutually respectful relationships with parents.

By promoting good attendance and punctuality we aim to:

- Make good attendance and punctuality a priority for all those involved in the school community.
- Raise our pupils' awareness of the importance of good attendance and punctuality.
- Provide support, advice and guidelines to parents, pupils and staff.
- Work in partnership with parents, including regularly informing them about their child's absence and attendance levels.
- Support pupils back into school following a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence and provide support to build confidence and bridge gaps.
- Celebrate and reward good attendance and punctuality.

This policy sets out our school's position on attendance and details the procedures that all parents[2] must follow to report their child's absence from school and to remind them of their legal duty, to ensure their child attends school regularly.

This policy will be applied fairly and consistently, considering the individual needs of our pupils and their families who have specific barriers to attendance. Therefore, in the development of

[2] *Education law defines parents as: all natural parents, whether they are married or not; any person who has parental responsibility for a child or young person; and any person who has care of a child or young person i.e., lives with and looks after the child. In this policy the term 'parent' includes parents and carers.*

our policy we have considered our obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.

We will also support parents to perform their legal duty to ensure their children of compulsory[3] school age attend regularly and will promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

We want our pupils to go to school every day unless they are not well enough to attend. We believe that children who attend school regularly are more likely to feel settled in school, maintain friendships, keep up with their learning and gain the greatest benefit from their education. We want all our pupils to enjoy school, grow up to become emotionally resilient, confident and competent adults who can realise their full potential. Regular attendance and punctuality are essential in the workplace and children who are used to attending school on time, and on every occasion unless they are too unwell to attend, will be better prepared for the attendance expectations in the workplace.

In April 2017 the Supreme Court clarified the definition of regular attendance to be attendance "in accordance with the rules prescribed by the school", therefore if an absence is not authorised by the school, the pupil's attendance is deemed to be irregular.

We will do all we can to encourage our pupils to attend. We will also make available the best provision we can for any pupil who needs additional support in school or who is prevented from attending school, due to a medical condition.

Please see DfE guidance documents 'Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions', 'Ensuring a good education for children who cannot attend school because of health needs' and Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) – or ask the school for printed copies.

2.1. Effects of non-attendance

The table below indicates how what might seem like just a few days absence can result in children missing a significant number of lessons.

Attendance during school year	Days lost in a year	Which is approximately	Approximate number of lessons missed
95%	9.5 Days	2 Weeks	50 Lessons
90%	19 Days	4 Weeks	100 Lessons

3. Safeguarding and Attendance

Our school will monitor trends and patterns of absence for all pupils as a part of our standard procedures. However, we are aware that sudden or gradual changes in a pupil's attendance may indicate additional or more extreme safeguarding issues. In line with government guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education we will investigate and report any suspected safeguarding cases on to the relevant authorities. As part of our safeguarding duty and our standard procedures, we will inform the Local Authority and/or the Police of the details of any pupil who is absent from school when the school cannot establish their whereabouts and is concerned for the pupil's welfare.

[3] *A child becomes of 'compulsory school age' on the 1st January, 1st April or 1st September following their 5th birthday and ceases to be of compulsory school age on the last Friday in June of Year 11.*

4. Legislation and Guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the Department for Education's statutory guidance Working together to improve school attendance (published May 2022 and applying from 19 August 2024) and the accompanying Summary table of responsibilities for school attendance (August 2024).

It also reflects the current statutory framework for attendance enforcement, including the National Framework for Penalty Notices introduced in 2024, and replaces reliance on earlier standalone guidance on parental responsibility measures.

This policy is informed by the following legislation, which sets out the legal powers and duties governing school attendance:

- Education Act 1996 (particularly sections 7, 19 and 444–447)
- Children Act 1989
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998
- Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003
- Education and Inspections Act 2006
- Sentencing Act 2020
- School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024
- Education (Information about Individual Pupils) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2024
- Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2024, which establish a national framework for the use of penalty notices for unauthorised absence in England

5. Using data to support improvements in attendance

Any absence affects the pattern of a child's schooling and regular absence may seriously affect their learning. The Department for Education (DfE) defines a pupil as a 'persistent absentee' when they miss 10% or more of their possible sessions across the school year, for whatever reason. Pupils who miss more than 50% of their possible sessions are classified as 'severely absent'

The school will ensure that attendance data is routinely monitored, analysed and acted upon to identify emerging concerns and prevent attendance issues becoming entrenched. Attendance information will be used to:

- identify pupils whose attendance is declining or causing concern;
- identify patterns and trends within groups of pupils, including vulnerable groups;
- understand barriers to attendance and target support effectively;
- evaluate the impact of attendance interventions and support strategies;
- inform discussions with pupils, parents, governors and external agencies where appropriate.

The school will make use of available DfE attendance data tools, including the Monitor Your School Attendance (MYSA) service and the View Your Education Data platform, where available. These tools enable schools to identify attendance trends, analyse attendance among specific pupil groups, compare attendance with local and national benchmarks, and target resources where they will have the greatest impact.

Attendance data will be considered alongside wider information about a pupil's circumstances, recognising that absence is often a symptom of underlying issues. Where concerns are identified, the school will seek to work in partnership with pupils, parents and relevant professionals to understand barriers and provide timely support before attendance deteriorates further. This approach reflects the principles set out in the DfE's Working Together to Improve School Attendance guidance and its guidance on communicating effectively with parents about attendance.

The school will regularly review attendance data for vulnerable groups, including pupils with SEND, disadvantaged pupils, children in care, previously looked-after children, pupils subject to child protection plans, children in need, and any other groups identified through local analysis. Targeted support will be implemented where attendance data indicates a pupil is at risk of becoming persistently or severely absent.

6. Understanding Barriers to Attendance

In relation to understanding barriers to attendance, we will ensure all pupils and parents are treated with dignity and staff will model respectful relationships to build a positive understanding between home and school that can be the foundation of good attendance.

We recognise that strong relationships between home and school are fundamental to improving attendance. In communicating with parents, we will highlight the link between attendance and attainment and wider wellbeing and enhance their understanding of what good attendance looks like. Communications will be tailored to individual circumstances where appropriate, will focus on understanding barriers to attendance, and will provide clear information about available support.

We will support pupils and parents by working together to address any in-school barriers to attendance. Where barriers are outside of the school's control, all partners should work together to support pupils and parents to access any support they may need voluntarily.

Where absence intensifies, so should the support provided, which will require the school to work in tandem with the local authority and other relevant partners.

Some pupils face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include pupils who suffer from long term medical conditions or who have special educational needs and disabilities. In working with parents to improve attendance, we are mindful of the barriers these pupils face and will put additional support in place where necessary to help them access their full-time education.

Reduced timetables will only be used in exceptional circumstances, for a limited period and to support pupils to reintegrate back into education to access fulltime provision.

The school is committed to share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities and other partners when absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe

7. Staff Training on Attendance

Improving attendance requires knowledge of guidance and regulations but also expertise in working with families to remove barriers to attendance and safeguard pupils. Just as those barriers are regularly evolving, so too is the training that school staff require to address them. The school therefore will facilitate training for all staff to understand

- the importance of good attendance and that absence is almost always a symptom of wider circumstances,
- the law and requirements of schools including on the keeping of registers
- the school/trust strategies and procedures for tracking, following up and improving attendance,
- the processes for working with other partners to provide more intensive support to pupils who need it.

For staff with specialist attendance responsibilities, they will receive training to include

- the necessary skills to interpret and analyse attendance data,
- and any additional training that would be beneficial to support pupils and pupil cohorts overcome commonly seen barriers to attendance.

Part B - What the Law Says and Our Procedures

1. Roles and Responsibilities

Attendance is everyone's responsibility. A whole-school approach ensures that attendance concerns are identified early, barriers are addressed and pupils receive timely support to maximise their attendance and achievement.

Governing Body

The Governing Body is responsible for:

- Promoting the importance of good attendance across the school.
- Holding school leaders to account for attendance outcomes.
- Monitoring attendance data, trends and the impact of attendance strategies.
- Ensuring the school complies with statutory attendance guidance and legislation.

Headteacher

The Headteacher has overall responsibility for:

- Creating a culture where good attendance is valued and expected.
- Ensuring this policy is implemented consistently.
- Monitoring whole-school attendance data and reporting to governors.

Senior Attendance Champion / Attendance Lead

The Attendance Lead is responsible for:

- Monitoring attendance daily, weekly and half-termly.
- Identifying emerging patterns and trends.
- Monitoring persistent absence (below 90%) and severe absence.
- Leading attendance interventions.
- Coordinating support plans for pupils experiencing attendance difficulties.
- Liaising with Heads of Year, pastoral staff and external agencies.
- Referring cases to the Local Authority when statutory intervention is required.
- Ensuring accurate attendance records are maintained.

Attendance Office

The Attendance Officer will:

- Monitor daily attendance and punctuality.
- Contact parents/carers on the first day of absence where no reason has been received.
- Maintain accurate attendance records.
- Produce attendance reports for pastoral staff and senior leaders.
- Monitor late arrivals and unexplained absences.
- Support attendance meetings and action planning.

- Liaise with the Local Authority Attendance Service where appropriate.

Form Tutors

Form Tutors are responsible for:

- Promoting excellent attendance and punctuality.
- Contacting home during the first three days of absence to offer support and identify any barriers.
- Developing positive relationships with pupils and families.
- Monitoring attendance concerns within their tutor group.
- Referring concerns promptly to the Head of Year.
- Encouraging pupils to access support where needed.

Heads of Year

Heads of Year will:

- Monitor attendance across their year group.
- Identify pupils whose attendance is declining – specifically between 3 and 5 days of absence.
- Hold attendance meetings with families.
- Develop and review attendance action plans.
- Coordinate pastoral support.
- Work alongside the Attendance Lead and external agencies where appropriate.
- Monitor the impact of interventions and review progress regularly.

Class Teachers

Class teachers play a crucial role in supporting attendance by:

- Recording attendance accurately every lesson.
- Creating a welcoming classroom environment that encourages regular attendance.
- Monitoring patterns of absence and raising concerns promptly.
- Ensuring pupils who have been absent are supported to reintegrate into learning.
- Identifying gaps in learning following absence and providing appropriate catch-up opportunities.
- Adapting learning where appropriate to support successful reintegration.
- Sharing concerns with Form Tutors, Heads of Year, SEND staff and safeguarding colleagues where attendance is affecting progress, wellbeing or engagement.

The school places particular emphasis on monitoring attendance for vulnerable pupils, recognising that these students may face additional barriers to attending school regularly.

Vulnerable groups include, but are not limited to:

- Pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)
- Children Looked After (CLA) and Previously Looked After Children
- Pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)
- Pupils eligible for Pupil Premium
- Young carers
- Pupils with medical or mental health needs
- Children subject to Child Protection Plans, Child in Need Plans or Early Help
- Pupils known to Children's Social Care
- Pupils at risk of suspension or permanent exclusion
- Pupils with a history of persistent or severe absence
- Pupils who are electively home educated during transition periods or returning from alternative provision

Attendance for these pupils is monitored weekly by the Attendance Lead alongside Heads of Year, the SENDCo and the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Attendance data is reviewed alongside safeguarding, behaviour, wellbeing and academic information to identify concerns at the earliest opportunity.

Where concerns are identified, the school will consider a graduated response, including:

- Early conversations with parents/carers
- Attendance support plans
- Individual attendance targets
- Pastoral mentoring
- Wellbeing support
- Reasonable adjustments where appropriate
- Early Help referrals
- Team Around the Family meetings
- Referrals to health services
- Referrals to the Local Authority Attendance Team
- Multi-agency meetings where required

The Attendance Lead and Senior Leadership Team monitor attendance data on a daily, weekly and half-termly basis to identify emerging concerns and evaluate the impact of interventions.

Monitoring includes:

- Whole-school attendance
- Year group attendance
- Tutor group attendance
- Persistent absence
- Severe absence
- Punctuality
- Attendance of vulnerable groups
- Attendance by demographic groups

- Individual pupil attendance
- Patterns such as Mondays, Fridays, lesson-specific absence or repeated illness.

Where concerns are identified, appropriate action may include:

- Contact with parents/carers
- Attendance action plans
- Attendance review meetings
- Home visits where appropriate
- Early Help assessments
- Referral to external support services
- Medical evidence requests where appropriate
- Local Authority attendance intervention
- Formal attendance contracts
- Consideration of statutory intervention in line with DfE guidance.

This graduated approach ensures support is offered early, barriers are understood and families are given every opportunity to improve attendance before formal enforcement measures are considered.

The Local Governing Body

The Local Governing Body is responsible for monitoring attendance figures for the whole school on at least a termly basis (6 times a year). It also holds the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy.

The Headteacher/Principal

The headteacher/principal is responsible for ensuring this policy is implemented consistently across the school, and for monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors.

The headteacher/principal also supports other staff in monitoring the attendance of individual pupils and requests fixed-penalty notices, where necessary.

The Attendance Champion

The attendance champion at Accrington Academy is Hannah Gregory – Assistant Principal - Attendance and Belonging. The attendance champion has strategic oversight of attendance and monitors and tracks groups of students whose attendance is a concern to support families in overcoming barriers.

Attendance Officer

The Attendance Officer:

- Monitors attendance data at the school and individual pupil level.
- Reports concerns about attendance to the headteacher and Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) as appropriate.
- Arranges calls and meetings with parents to discuss attendance issues.
- Co-ordinates requests for Term-time Leave of Absence (this includes liaison with the DSL and Safeguarding Team) and advises the headteacher as requested.

Any other pastoral roles such as Head of Year, Head of House, Parent Support Advisor or Learning Mentor

The pastoral team includes a range of dedicated staff who work together to support students' wellbeing, attendance, behaviour, personal development and safeguarding. This may include Heads of Year, Attendance Officers, Safeguarding Leads, SEND staff, School Counsellor and members of the Senior Leadership Team with responsibility for pastoral care. Together, they provide guidance, intervention and support to ensure every student feels safe, valued and able to thrive.

Class Teachers/Form Tutors

Form Tutors will make contact with home from the first day of absence and continue to provide support during the first three days. These conversations should be supportive and solution-focused, helping families to identify and overcome any barriers that may be affecting attendance. Form Tutors will maintain regular communication, reinforce the importance of consistent attendance and ensure that any relevant concerns are shared with the wider pastoral team.

Where absence continues or attendance begins to decline further, the Head of Year will take a more active role. For absences of between three and five days, the Head of Year will contact the family and, where appropriate, invite parents or carers into school for a face-to-face meeting. The purpose of this meeting will be to explore the reasons for absence, agree clear actions and develop a personalised attendance support plan. The Head of Year will coordinate any additional pastoral support, monitor progress and review the plan with the student and family.

Class teachers also have a vital role in supporting attendance. They will monitor patterns of absence within their lessons, record attendance accurately and raise concerns promptly where a student's absence is affecting their progress, engagement or wellbeing. When a student returns to school, class teachers should welcome them back positively, identify the learning they have missed and provide clear, manageable opportunities to address any gaps.

By working together, Form Tutors, Heads of Year and class teachers can ensure that attendance concerns are identified early, families receive appropriate support and students are able to return to learning with confidence.

2. Contents of the Admissions Register

The admission register (sometimes referred to as the school roll) must contain specific personal details of every pupil in the school along with the date of admission or re-admission to the school, information regarding parents and carers, and details of the school last attended. The school will enter pupils on the admission register at the beginning of the first day on which the school has agreed with, or been notified by the parent, that the pupil will attend.

A pupil's name can only lawfully be deleted from the admission register if a reason set out in regulation 9 of the **School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024.**

It is vital that the admission register is kept up to date, it is a legal document. Therefore, we encourage parents to inform the school of any changes whenever they occur and ensure the admission register is amended as soon as possible.

3. Contents of Attendance Register

The law makes it clear that schools must take the attendance register at the start of the morning session of each school day and once during the afternoon session. On each occasion the register is taken, the appropriate attendance and absence code must be entered for every pupil. Please refer to **Working Together To Improve School Attendance** for the code descriptors and also **Appendix 2** of this document. The school must record whether each pupil is:

- Attending, or
- Absent

Effective and timely use and sharing of register data is critical to safeguard children, improve attendance and is supported using our electronic Management Information System to record attendance information. Our registers will be preserved for 6 years from the date after the last entry was made.

4. Attending the School (and Lateness)

Pupils are marked present (/ \) if they are in school when the register is taken. If a pupil leaves the school premises after registration they are still counted as present for statistical purposes.

It is the duty of parents to ensure that children attend school on time. This encourages habits of good timekeeping and lessens any possible classroom disruption.

Our pupils must arrive by 8.25am on each school day.

Our morning register is taken at 8.30am and will be kept open until 9.00am

Our afternoon register is taken at 1.45pm and will be kept open until 2.15pm

A pupil who arrives late but before the register has closed will be marked as late (**L**) – which counts as present.

If a pupil arrives after the register has closed they will be marked with the unauthorised absence code “Late after registers close” (U) which is an unauthorised absence mark.

However, if the pupil is late arriving due to a valid reason such as an unavoidable medical appointment, the absence will be authorised and coded accordingly. See DfE guidance Working together to improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024) (publishing.service.gov.uk)

5. Attending a place other than the school

Pupils are marked as attending a place other than the school if they are present for the assigned session. These codes include:

- Code K Attending education provision arranged by the local authority
- Code V: Attending an educational visit or trip
- Code P: Participating in a sporting activity
- Code W: Attending work experience
- Code B: Attending any other approved education activity
- Code D: Dual registered at another setting

Our school retains responsibilities for the safeguarding and welfare of pupils attending an approved educational activity. Our school must be satisfied that appropriate measures have

been taken to safeguard the pupil. Our school should ensure that we have in place arrangements whereby providers notify the school of any absence. Our school must record the pupil's absence using the relevant absence code.

If a pupil is attending an alternative education provider such as another school or Pupil Referral Unit for part or all of their education, our school will make arrangements for the pupil to be dual registered at the other setting and mark our registers accordingly.

If a pupil is attending an alternative education provider arranged by the school, which is not a school or Pupil Referral Unit, for part or all their education, we will mark the sessions which the pupil attends the alternative setting as code B (any other approved educational activity).

The school expects the alternative provision (AP) to notify us of any absences by individual pupils, to ensure we become aware of any attendance concerns as soon as possible and take follow up action as necessary**.** Attendance updates will be provided on a daily basis, or more frequently if agreed with the alternative setting. Any attendance concerns will be followed up by us, in conjunction with the Alternative Provision (AP).

6. Absent – Leave of absence

A leave of absence means that the school has given approval in advance for a pupil of compulsory school age to be away from the school. These codes are classified for statistical purposes as 'authorised absence' which means the pupil's absence is with permission granted by the school. These codes include:

- Code C1: Leave of absence for the purpose of participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad
- Code M: Leave of absence for the purpose of attending a medical or dental appointment
- Code J1: Leave of absence for the purpose of attending an interview for employment or for admission to another educational institution
- Code S: Leave of absence for the purpose of studying for a public examination
- Code X: Non-compulsory school age pupil not required to attend school
- Code C2: Leave of absence for a compulsory school age pupil subject to a part-time timetable
- Code C: Leave of absence for exceptional circumstance

6.1. Leave of Absence Requests – 'Exceptional Circumstances'

The law does not grant parents the automatic right to take their child out of school during term time.

Only exceptional circumstances warrant an authorised leave of absence. Generally, a need or desire for a holiday or other absence for the purpose of leisure and recreation would not constitute an exceptional circumstance. The school will consider each application individually, considering the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind the request. The request must be made by the parent with whom the child normally lives, and permission must be sought in advance. The school will not grant leave of absence unless there are exceptional circumstances. The school must be satisfied that there are exceptional circumstances, based on the individual facts and circumstances of the case; following consultation with other staff as required, including the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Where a leave of absence is granted, the school will determine the number of days the pupil can be away from school. A leave of absence is granted entirely at the school's discretion.

Circumstances which could be authorised include significant family emergencies or funerals. However, parents will also be aware that, wherever possible, it can be better for children to continue to attend school normally during difficult family times.

Parents should complete a Leave of Absence Request form which is available from the school. This can be requested from our attendance manager on attendance@accrington-academy.org, via phone on 01254 304300 or a hard copy can be collected from the attendance office directly by students.

The request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated; and wherever possible, at least **four weeks** before the absence. **Although such absence may be unauthorised, it is better that we know your child is safe, rather than missing.** Please be aware that you may be required to provide us with additional evidence to support your request. If we have any concerns about possible safeguarding risks such as risk of FGM or Forced Marriage, we will follow the necessary protocols.

All term time absence for children in care should be discussed at the child's Personal Education Planning (PEP) meeting in advance where possible and agreed with the Social Care and Virtual School. This permission should be gained before school is approached for approval. The school will contact the Virtual School in relation to any requests for term time absence for a child in care.

6.2 Medical/Dental Appointments

Parents should try to make appointments outside school hours wherever possible. Where appointments during school time are unavoidable, the pupil should only be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary for the appointment. It is not acceptable for a child to miss a whole day's schooling for an appointment, unless necessary, in which case the school will need an explanation as to why this is.

No pupil will be allowed to leave the school site to attend a medical appointment during the school day without parental confirmation.

Advance notice is required for medical or dental appointments, unless it's an emergency appointment, and must be supported by providing the school with sight of, or a copy of, the appointment card or letter – only then will the absence be authorised.

Parents/carers must notify the school in advance by emailing **attendance@accrington-academy.org**, providing details of the appointment, including the date, time and location. Evidence of the appointment (such as an appointment letter, text message or email confirmation) must be included with the notification.

Students are expected to attend school for the remainder of the day wherever possible. If the appointment is in the morning, students should return to school immediately after the appointment. If the appointment is in the afternoon, students are expected to attend school before leaving for their appointment. This ensures that valuable learning time is maximised and disruption to education is kept to a minimum.

6.3 Part-time timetables - Leave of absence for a compulsory school age pupil subject to a part-time timetable

Pupils are entitled to a full-time education, suitable to their age, ability and aptitude, and any special educational needs or disabilities that they may have.

Where a pupil is temporarily unable to access a full-time education, the school will work with the Local Authority, parents and relevant professionals to support a return to full-time provision as soon as possible.

7. Absent – other authorised reasons

Absent due to other authorised reasons means that the school has given approval in advance for a pupil of compulsory school age to be away from the school or has accepted an explanation offered afterwards as justification for absence. These codes are classified for statistical purposes as 'authorised absence'. These codes include:

- Code T: Parent travelling for occupational purposes
- Code R: Religious observance
- Code I: Illness (not medical or dental appointment)
- Code E: Suspended or permanently excluded and no alternative provision made

7.1. Mobile pupil - Parent travelling for occupational purposes

The school will authorise the absence of a mobile pupil of no fixed abode who is unable to attend school because they are travelling with their parent who is engaged in a trade or business of such a nature as to require them to travel from place to place. This is subject to certain limits, depending on the child's age and number of sessions absent. The school will discuss cases individually with Traveller parents as necessary. Parents should let the school know of their plans as far in advance as possible. Authorised Traveller absence will be recorded appropriately in the register.

To help ensure continuity of education for Traveller children, wherever possible, the child should attend school elsewhere when their family is travelling for occupational purposes. In which case the child will be dual registered at that school and this school, which is their 'main' school.

Children from Gypsy, Roma and Traveller communities whose families do not travel for occupational purposes are expected to register at school and attend as normal. They are subject to the same rules as other children in terms of the requirement to attend school regularly.

7.2. Religious Observance

Our school acknowledges the multi-faith nature of the school community and recognises that on some occasions, religious festivals may fall outside of school holidays or weekends.

The school will authorise absence for days exclusively set apart for religious observance, in line with statutory guidance and individual circumstances. Additional days taken without exceptional circumstances will be recorded in the register as unauthorised absence. If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parents' religious body, to confirm whether the day is set apart.

7.3. Illness

In most cases, absences for illness which are reported by following the school's absence reporting procedures will be authorised. That is unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

The school follows Department for Education guidance 'Working together to improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024) (publishing.service.gov.uk)' 2024[4] which states that if the authenticity of the illness is in doubt, the school may ask the parent to provide medical evidence, such as a prescription, appointment card, or other appropriate form of evidence.

Where a parent cannot provide any written evidence, we will endeavour to have a conversation with the parent and pupil, if appropriate, which may itself serve as the necessary evidence to record the absence.

We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily. In some instances, the school may ask the parent to obtain a letter from a GP, or the school may seek parental permission to contact the pupil's GP directly to help support the needs of the individual pupil.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised.

Where a pupil has a high level and/or frequency of absence, the school may consider requesting medical evidence where reasonable and proportionate, taking account of accessibility, SEND, and individual circumstances. If this is the case, the school will make the parent/s aware of this expectation in advance.

The reporting of absence due to illness remains the responsibility of the parent. Absences due to illness which have not been reported to the school by the parent on the first day of absence may not be authorised.

Parents/carers must notify the Academy of their child's absence before 8:30am on each day of absence. Absences should be reported either via the Arbor Parent App or by telephoning the school on 01254 304300 to speak with the Attendance Team.

Parents/carers should provide the reason for the absence and keep the school informed if the absence is expected to continue for more than one day. Regular communication enables the Academy to provide appropriate support and ensure the safety and wellbeing of all students.

If a child is absent for more than one day, the parent should contact the school each day to provide an update on the child's condition, unless otherwise agreed by the school.

Mental Health and Wellbeing

Parents who have concerns about their child's mental wellbeing can contact our school's Designated Safeguarding Lead for further information on the support available.

Parents should also contact their GP or the NHS Helpline by phoning telephone number 111 for advice if they are concerned. In case of emergency parents should dial 999.

Pupils taken ill during the school day

If a pupil needs to be sent home due to illness, this should be by agreement with an appropriately authorised member of school staff. In such circumstances, no pupil will be allowed to leave the school site without parental confirmation.

[4] Please ask the school for a printed copy of Working Together to Improve School Attendance if required

7.4. Suspensions (Exclusions)

In this policy, the word 'suspension' is used to refer to what legislation calls an exclusion for a fixed period. Suspensions and permanent exclusions are both types of exclusion, and where this policy uses the word 'exclusion' this includes both suspensions (fixed-period exclusions) and permanent exclusions.

If the school decides to send a pupil home due to their behaviour, this will be recorded as an exclusion. The school will follow the current DfE's statutory guidance on suspensions and permanent exclusions. The full behaviour and exclusions policy for our school can be found on our website Policies | About Us | Accrington Academy

Any exclusion **must** be agreed by the Headteacher.

The school will notify the parent of the exclusion in writing. If the pupil is a Child in Care, the school will notify the pupil's carer, social worker and the Virtual School. In other instances, where a pupil is open to Children's Social Care for any reason, the school will also inform their allocated social worker.

No pupil will be allowed to leave the school site without parental confirmation.

8. Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause

In accordance with DfE school attendance guidance, our school will record pupils as 'Unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause' in the following circumstances (such circumstances are not recorded as absences and are not counted as possible attendances):

- Code Q: Unable to attend because of a lack of access arrangements
- Code Y1: Unable to attend due to transport normally provided not being available
- Code Y2: Unable to attend due to widespread disruption to travel
- Code Y3: Unable to attend due to part of the school premises being closed
- Code Y4: Unable to attend due to the whole school site being unexpectedly closed
- Code Y5: Unable to attend as pupil is in criminal justice detention
- Code Y6: Unable to attend in accordance with public health guidance or law
- Code Y7: Unable to attend because of any other unavoidable cause

9. Absent - unauthorised absence

Unauthorised absence is where a school is not satisfied with the reasons given for the absence or no reason for absence was provided.

Absence will be unauthorised if a pupil is absent from school without the permission of the school. Whilst parents can provide explanations for absences, it is the school's decision whether to authorise the absence or not.

Unauthorised absence includes:

- Absences which have never been properly explained
- Pupils who arrive at school too late to get a mark
- Shopping
- Birthdays
- Waiting at home for a washing machine to be mended, or a parcel to be delivered
- Day trips
- Long weekends and holidays in term time (unless very exceptional circumstances are agreed in writing, in advance by the school)

- In the case of term time leave - if a pupil is kept away from school longer than was agreed, the additional absence is unauthorised

Unauthorised absences may result in legal action being considered, in line with statutory guidance and the individual circumstances of the case.

The unauthorised absence codes include:

- Code G – Holiday not granted by the school
- Code N – Reason for absence not yet established
- Code O – Absent in other or unknown circumstances
- Code U – Arrived in school after registration closed

10. Administrative codes

Where necessary and applicable, our school will use the defined administrative codes. These codes are not collected for statistical purposes and are:

- Code Z: Prospective pupil not on admissions register
- Code #: Planned whole school closure

11. First Day of Absence Response

The Academy operates a robust first-day response process to ensure the safety and wellbeing of all students and to identify any attendance concerns at the earliest opportunity.

Where a student is absent and no reason has been provided, the Attendance Team will make contact with parents/carers as soon as possible on the first day of absence. Contact will initially be made using the contact details provided by parents/carers via telephone, text message and/or the Arbor Parent App where appropriate.

If there is no response from the primary contact, the Attendance Team will make every reasonable effort to contact all emergency contacts listed for the student. All contact attempts will be recorded on the school's management information system.

Where there are concerns about a student's welfare or whereabouts, the Academy will escalate its response appropriately. This may include:

- Liaising with the student's Form Tutor, Head of Year or Attendance Lead.
- Contacting wider emergency contacts.
- Conducting a home visit where appropriate.
- Liaising with Children's Social Care or other relevant agencies.
- Requesting a welfare check from the Police where there is reason to believe a child may be at risk.

Priority Pupils

The Academy recognises that some pupils require an enhanced first-day response due to increased vulnerability. These pupils are prioritised for immediate follow-up and may receive additional contact or welfare checks where appropriate.

This includes, but is not limited to:

- Children Looked After (CLA) and Previously Looked After Children
- Children subject to Child Protection Plans
- Children in Need (CiN)
- Pupils supported through an Early Help Assessment
- Pupils known to Children's Social Care
- Pupils identified as persistently or severely absent
- Pupils with significant medical or mental health needs
- Pupils with Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCPs)
- Pupils who have previously been reported missing from education or home
- Any other pupil identified by the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Attendance Lead as vulnerable

Where a vulnerable pupil is absent without explanation, the Attendance Team will notify the Designated Safeguarding Lead and relevant pastoral staff immediately. If contact cannot be established promptly and there are safeguarding concerns, the Academy will follow its safeguarding procedures, which may include home visits and referrals to external agencies

Emergency Contact Details

It is essential that the Academy holds accurate and up-to-date contact information for every student.

Parents/carers are required to provide:

- At least **three emergency contacts**, where possible.
- Current home addresses.
- Up-to-date telephone numbers and email addresses.
- Details of any changes to contact information as soon as they occur.

Parents/carers are responsible for ensuring these details remain accurate throughout the academic year.

Emergency contact details are reviewed:

- At the start of each academic year.
- During the annual data collection process.
- During parents' evenings where appropriate.
- Whenever parents/carers notify the Academy of changes.
- Through periodic reminders issued by the Academy throughout the year.

Maintaining accurate emergency contact information enables the Academy to fulfil its safeguarding responsibilities and respond quickly should a child be absent unexpectedly or in the event of an emergency.

Where concerns remain and a pupil's whereabouts cannot be established, the school may escalate concerns in line with safeguarding procedures, including contacting appropriate external agencies.

12. Rewarding Good and Improved Attendance

Promoting and Rewarding Good Attendance

The Academy is committed to promoting and celebrating excellent attendance through a range of positive rewards and recognition. Our approach is designed to encourage regular attendance while ensuring that pupils with genuine medical conditions or other exceptional circumstances are not made to feel disadvantaged, marginalised or guilty because of factors beyond their control.

Attendance is celebrated through a variety of individual and group rewards throughout the academic year.

Individual Rewards

Students who demonstrate excellent attendance are recognised during our termly Rewards Assemblies and at the End of Year Celebration Assembly. Awards are presented to students who have:

- Achieved **100% attendance** throughout the academic year.
- Maintained **97% attendance or above**, recognising sustained commitment to attending school.

Attendance also forms part of our Education with Character Charter – TEAM Spirit Award. One of the criteria for achieving this award is demonstrating a strong commitment to attendance and punctuality. Students who successfully complete the award are invited to take part in a range of enrichment experiences and reward trips each term, which may include:

- Blackpool Pleasure Beach
- Bongo Bingo
- JumpWorks
- Bowling
- Other enrichment activities throughout the year

Tutor Group Rewards

Attendance is also celebrated collectively through our **Battle of the Bands** initiative. Tutor groups compete to achieve the highest attendance rates, fostering teamwork and a shared commitment to regular attendance. Winning tutor groups receive a range of rewards and prizes throughout the year.

Weekly Attendance Rewards

Students are encouraged to attend every day through our **Attendance Streak Card** initiative. Students receive a stamp for each full week in which they attend every day. Once they have collected all five stamps, they can exchange their completed card for a prize during the weekly reward event held each Friday.

We also run additional attendance initiatives throughout the year such as our Easter Eggstravangza initiative where students get recognition for attendance over a period and are rewarded for this.

13. Support for Poor School Attendance (other than unauthorised term time leave)

Sometimes pupils can be reluctant to attend school. We encourage parents and pupils to be open and honest with us about the reason for the pupil's absence. If a child is reluctant to attend, it is never better to cover up their absence or for a parent to give in to pressure to let the child stay at home. This can give the impression to the child that attendance does not matter and can make things worse. As a school, we need to understand the reasons why a pupil is reluctant to attend to be able to support pupils and parents in the best way.

The school will seek to work in partnership with parents, assuming positive intent and recognising that parents want the best for their child. Discussions about attendance will focus on identifying barriers and agreeing practical solutions wherever possible.

When we have concerns about the attendance of a pupil, we will do our best to make the parent/s aware of the concerns about their child's attendance and give them the opportunity to address this. However, if parents do not make use of the support offered and improve their child's attendance to an acceptable level, this may result in legal sanctions. Where there are no genuine reasons for the absences, parents may be asked to meet with the Head of Years to discuss the matter. In some cases, this may result in a formal action plan being produced in the form of an Attendance Contract.

If our school refers a case of poor school attendance to the Local Authority for legal sanctions, we will show that we have warned the parent/s that they are at risk of receiving a Penalty Notice or other legal sanction. This will at least be evidenced via the sending of a Notice to Improve – attendance warning letter.

We will not usually request legal sanctions from the Local Authority in cases where poor attendance is symptomatic of complex family circumstances. In such circumstances our school will take a holistic approach to the issue and involve other agencies as necessary. The exception to this will be where parents fail to accept or engage with support offered by the school and/or other agencies or fail to implement the suggested changes. Again, when referring for legal sanctions, we will show that we have warned the parent/s that they are at risk of receiving a Penalty Notice or other legal sanction.

If our school has safeguarding concerns about a pupil who is absent, we will share information with other agencies as we deem necessary.

14. Penalty Notices and Prosecutions

Parents have a legal responsibility to ensure that their child attends school regularly. Under section 444 of the Education Act 1996, it is a criminal offence for a parent to fail to secure the regular attendance of a registered pupil of compulsory school age. This applies to resident and

non-resident parents, and to any person who has care of the child, each of whom may be subject to legal sanctions if a child does not attend school regularly.

Unauthorised absence from school can lead to a range of outcomes for parents and children. Each case is considered on an individual, case-by-case basis, taking account of the reasons for absence, any support provided, and the impact on the child's education and welfare.

Where a child fails to attend school regularly, parents may be subject to legal action under section 444 of the Education Act 1996. Where a family has more than one school-aged child, each child's attendance is considered separately and legal action may be taken in respect of each child.

Where unauthorised absence meets the national threshold, the school will normally request that the Local Authority considers the use of a Penalty Notice, unless there are reasonable grounds not to do so following consideration of the individual circumstances and any support provided. The Local Authority is responsible for deciding whether to issue a Penalty Notice or to proceed directly to prosecution.

Penalty Notices are intended to address lower-level offences and to act as a deterrent to improve future school attendance, for example where unauthorised leave of absence has been taken during term time. A Penalty Notice is an alternative to prosecution and will only be used where it is considered the most appropriate response in the individual circumstances. In some cases, prosecution may be pursued without issuing a Penalty Notice.

Unauthorised absence may result in one of the following outcomes:

1. Penalty Notice. In line with the National Framework for Penalty Notices (introduced from 19 August 2024), a Penalty Notice may be issued where a pupil has accrued 10 unauthorised sessions within a rolling 10-school-week period, or in other circumstances where support is not appropriate, such as unauthorised leave of absence in term time.
    - The first Penalty Notice issued to a parent for a child is £80 per parent, per child if paid within 21 days, increasing to £160 if paid between days 22 and 28.
    - A second Penalty Notice issued to the same parent for the same child within a rolling three-year period is £160 per parent, per child, payable within 28 days, with no option to pay a lower amount.
    - A third offence within a rolling three-year period will not result in a further Penalty Notice and is likely to result in prosecution.
      Failure to pay a Penalty Notice may lead to prosecution.
2. Prosecution**.** Prosecution under section 444 of the Education Act 1996 may result in a fine of up to £2,500, and/or a community order or imprisonment of up to three months, depending on the offence.

Penalty Notices and prosecution proceedings are issued to each parent with responsibility for the child and in respect of each individual child. For example, where two parents are responsible for two children with irregular attendance, up to four Penalty Notices may be issued. Penalty Notices must be paid in full and cannot be paid by instalments.

In addition to Penalty Notices and prosecution, a range of other legal interventions may be used where appropriate. Decisions about which intervention to pursue are made in partnership with the Local Authority and take into account the individual circumstances of the family. These include: Attendance contracts (previously known as parenting contracts), Education Supervision Orders, Parenting Orders, Attendance prosecution.

The school will work closely with the Local Authority to ensure that the most appropriate intervention is used, in line with the statutory support-first approach, rather than relying solely on Penalty Notices or prosecution.

15. Children Missing Education (CME)

Our school will add and delete pupils from roll in line with the law. A pupil's name can only lawfully be deleted from the admission register if a reason set out in regulation 9 of the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024. The school will make CME and Pupil Tracking referrals as appropriate. The school will seek advice from the local authority representative responsible for children missing education if unsure about any individual cases:

16. Following up Unexplained Absences

Where no contact has been made with the school, the school will contact parents by text, email, telephone or letter to try and establish the reason for a child's absence. When we establish the reason for the absence, we will mark it as authorised or unauthorised depending on the reason for the absence. If we are unable to establish the reason for absence within 1 school day, we will make the absence as unauthorised, using the **O** code. If we are concerned about a pupil's absence and are unable to contact the parent/s, we may contact the pupil's emergency contacts and/or other professionals or contacts of the family who we reasonably expect may be able to advise us of the pupil's whereabouts. If we fail to make continue through the above channels, we will then carry out a home visit.

17. Reporting to Parents

Attendance communications will be proportionate, personalised and age-appropriate. The school will recognise and celebrate improvements in attendance as well as high attendance, ensuring that communications remain supportive and inclusive for pupils whose attendance is affected by illness, SEND or other circumstances beyond their control.

The Academy believes that regular communication with parents and carers is essential in promoting good attendance and ensuring that any concerns are identified and addressed promptly.

Attendance information is shared with parents and carers as part of each student's data report. This enables families to monitor their child's attendance alongside their academic progress and provides an opportunity to raise any queries or concerns regarding attendance records.

In addition to termly reporting, attendance is monitored continuously throughout the academic year. Where a student's attendance begins to decline, parents and carers will be contacted by the Academy to discuss any barriers to attendance and to offer appropriate support. The Academy provides parents/carers with an attendance overview each half term.

Where a student's attendance falls below 90%, they are considered to be persistently absent in line with Department for Education guidance. Unless there are exceptional circumstances, the Academy will write to parents/carers to notify them of this and explain the potential impact of persistent absence on educational outcomes. Where appropriate, parents/carers may also be invited to attend an attendance meeting to discuss concerns and agree an attendance improvement plan.

The Academy is committed to working in partnership with families to promote excellent attendance and will ensure that attendance information is communicated clearly, regularly and sensitively, recognising that some absences may be unavoidable due to medical or other exceptional circumstances.

18. Recording Information on Attendance and Reasons for Absence

The Academy uses Arbor as its Management Information System (MIS) to record, monitor and manage student attendance.

Attendance registers are completed in accordance with statutory requirements, and all absences are recorded using the appropriate attendance code in line with Department for Education guidance. Absence codes are applied based on the reason provided by parents/carers and any supporting evidence received, ensuring that attendance records are accurate and compliant.

The Attendance Manager and Attendance Administrator are responsible for maintaining accurate attendance records and updating Arbor with all relevant attendance information.

In addition to recording attendance codes, all communications relating to absence are logged on Arbor. This includes:

- The date and time of contact.
- Who made the contact (e.g. Attendance Manager, Attendance Administrator or other member of staff).
- Who was contacted (e.g. parent/carer or emergency contact).
- The method of communication (telephone call, voicemail, email, Arbor message or text message).
- The reason provided for the absence.
- Any actions agreed or advice given.
- Details of any follow-up action required.

Maintaining detailed and accurate records enables the Academy to monitor attendance effectively, identify emerging patterns of absence, provide timely support to students and families, and meet its safeguarding responsibilities. All attendance records are maintained securely and in accordance with the school's Data Protection Policy and UK GDPR.

19. Policy Monitoring Arrangements

This policy will be reviewed by Hannah Gregory – Assistant Principal for Attendance and Belonging, or more frequently if there are changes to legislation and guidance. At every review, the policy will be shared with the governing body.

20. Links with other policies

This policy is linked to our Anti-Bullying Policy, Behaviour Policy, Inclusion Policy, Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy.

Guidance Documents (include but are not limited to):

Working Together to Improve School Attendance (DfE, updated June 2026; applies from 19 August 2024

National Framework for Penalty Notices introduced in 2024

Working Together to Safeguard Children 2026

Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions (DfE December 2015)

Mental Health issues affecting a pupil's attendance (DfE February 2023)

Arranging education for children with who cannot attend school because of health needs (DfE December 2023)

Keeping children safe in education (2025, and then 2026 from 1 September)

School census guidance and regulation

Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement (DfE) (July 2026)

Travel to School for Pupils of Compulsory School Age

Appendix A – 5 Foundations of Effective Practice

- **Foundation 1**: *The school has a fully embedded ethos in which excellent school attendance is expected, developed and nurtured. The escalated approach to supporting attendance is built on foundations of belonging and connectedness.*
- **Foundation 2:** *The approach to improving attendance is built on clear policies, systems and processes. This ensures continuous and sustainable improvement drives attendance practice. The attendance policy is understood by all stakeholders and allows the school to set, and maintain, high expectations to improve the culture of attendance.*
- **Foundation 3:** *The school prioritises developing a team of attendance experts, with a shared vision and core purpose. The Attendance Leader delivers bespoke training to support all staff to fully understand their role in improving attendance. External partnerships support attendance improvements through a multi-disciplinary approach for identified children and families.*
- **Foundation 4:** *Data information and analysis direct resources proactively towards key demographic groups and identified individuals. The expert use of data analysis informs decision making at all levels. The attendance process ensures the Attendance Leader understands the reason for attendance concerns, these barriers can then be successfully supported and removed.*
- **Foundation 5:** *Connecting and belonging drives the school approach to supporting attendance. All staff are supported to understand 'deeper roots' regarding poor attendance concerns. The school has developed, and embedded, an effective rewards system to further drive attendance improvements and celebrate success*

Appendix B – Department for Education (DfE) Attendance & Absence Codes

Attending	
/ \	Present at the school / = morning session \ = afternoon session
L	Late arrival before the register is closed
K	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority
V	Attending an educational visit or trip
P	Participating in a sporting activity
W	Attending work experience
B	Attending any other approved educational activity
D	Dual registered at another school
Absent – Leave of absence	
C1	Leave of absence for the purpose of participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad.
M	Leave of absence for the purpose of attending a medical or dental appointment
J1	Leave of absence for the purpose of attending an interview for employment or for admission to another educational institution
S	Leave of absence for the purpose of studying for a public examination
X	Non-compulsory school age pupil not required to attend school
C2	Leave of absence for a compulsory school age pupil subject to a part-time timetable
C	Leave of absence for exceptional circumstance
Absent – other authorised reasons	
T	Parent travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)
E	Suspended or permanently excluded and no alternative provision made
Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable causes	
Q	Unable to attend the school because of a lack of access arrangements
Y1	Unable to attend due to transport normally provided not being available
Y2	Unable to attend due to widespread disruption to travel
Y3	Unable to attend due to part of the school premises being closed
Y4	Unable to attend due to the whole school site being unexpectedly closed
Y5	Unable to attend as pupil is in criminal justice detention
Y6	Unable to attend in accordance with public health guidance or law
Y7	Unable to attend because of any other unavoidable cause
Absent – unauthorised absence	

G	Holiday not granted by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances
U	Arrived in school after registration closed
Administrative Codes	
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register
#	Planned whole school closure